



# AMR TECHNICAL SCORECARD

# **VETERINARY**

Bacterial Culture, Detection, Identification and Antimicrobial Susceptibility Testing of Fecal Samples

**Faeces** 

Version 1.1 – August 2021





#### Score

Section	Sum of maximum	Current Auc Date:	lit	Previou Date:	s audit
	points <sup>1</sup>	Current auc score	lit	Previou scc	
1. Documents and Records			%		%
2. Management Reviews			%		%
3. Organization and Personnel			%		%
4. Client Management and Customer Service			%		%
5. Equipment			%		%
6. Evaluation and Audits			%		%
7. Purchasing and Inventory			%		%
8. Process Control and Internal and External Quality Assessment			%		%
9. Information Management			%		%
10. Corrective Action			%		%
11. Occurrence Management and Process Improvement			%		%
12. Facilities and Safety			%		%
Feces Module Total			%		%
Feces Module Stars <sup>2</sup>					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total number of points of all questions minus points for questions answered with NA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> No Stars: < 55%

<sup>1</sup> Star: 55% - 64%

<sup>2</sup> Stars: 65% - 74%

<sup>3</sup> Stars: 75% - 84%

<sup>4</sup> Stars: 85% - 94%

<sup>5</sup> Stars: ≥95%

#### A. General Information

Name of assessor(s)			
Title & organization of assessor			
Name of laboratory being assessed			
Date, type and scope of last assessment?	Date	Туре	Score
Internal			
External			
Did the last assessment include assessment of bacterial culture of feces?		Y/N	

#### **B.** Technical Information

F-A How many feces culture and molecular tests were performed last year<sup>3,4</sup>?

Feces culture					Molec	ulai *		Clinical diagnosis	Active surveillanc e
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Entire year	Entire year
	Q1	Q1 Q2	Q1 Q2 Q3	Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1	Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2	Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3	Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Refer to the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE) for further information on OIE listed diseases and other diseases of importance: <a href="https://www.oie.int/en/international-standard-setting/terrestrial-manual/access-online/">https://www.oie.int/en/international-standard-setting/terrestrial-manual/access-online/</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> It is highly recommended that assessors obtain the necessary permission to review the laboratory data. However, if assessors are unable to review the laboratory data this question is NOT compulsory for completion of the assessment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Molecular tests performed on feces for the detection of bacterial faecal pathogens.

	Feces culture					Molec	cular <sup>5</sup>		Clinical diagnosis	Active surveillanc e
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Entire year	Entire year
Salmonella sp.										
E.coli										
Enterococcus sp.										
Campylobacter sp.										
Other isolates (specify)										
Other isolates (specify)										
Other isolates (specify)										
TOTAL NUMBER OF ISOLATES										
TOTAL NUMBER OF FECES CULTURES PERFORMED										
TOTAL NUMBER OF NEGATIVE FECES CULTURES										

Q = Quarter

F-B	Are there any significant variations (> 20%) in the number of bacterial feces cultures or molecular tests performed or organisms isolated each quarter? If 'Yes', please explain.

 $<sup>^{6}</sup>$  If the laboratory can't distinguish between samples originating from farms or slaughterhouses, the number of organisms isolated should be recorded as "Unknown/other".

#### **Section 1: Documents & Records**

All generic requirements apply, see SLIPTA Section 1. In addition, assessors should review the following:

followin	ıg:							
SLIPT			N	Υ	Р	N	Comments	Score
Α			Α			 		
1.5	F1.1	Does the laboratory						
		have documentation						
		covering the following						
		processes?						
		a) Production of						
		Salmonella Shigella						
		(SS) Agar, Selenite F						
		broth, MacConkey,						
		Blood Agar,						
		Charcoal-						
		cefoperazone-						
		deoxycholate agar						
		(CCDA) or other						
		media for fecal						
		pathogen isolation?						
		b) Microscopic						
		examination of feces						2
		[raw]						
		c) Processing of feces culture and						
		molecular tests						
		d) Detection, identification and						
		AST of fecal						
		pathogens						
		e) Reporting of feces						
		culture and						
		molecular test						
		results						
		f) Interlaboratory						
		comparison or						
		proficiency testing						
		(PT)						
		g) Laboratory safety						
1.5	F1.2	Are the documents						
		complete, in-date and						
		witnessed by all staff						2
		performing feces culture						
		and molecular tests <sup>7</sup> ?						
1.5	F1.3	Are the following						
		processes documented?						
		a) Rejection criteria for						3
		fecal samples <sup>8</sup>						
		b) How to identify						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See ISO15189:2012 Clause 5.5.3 for minimum requirements for a technical Standard Operating Procedure (SOP)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> For more information see OIE Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals 2019 <u>chapter 1.1.2</u>; <u>Collection, submission and storage of diagnostic specimens</u>

SLIPT A		N A	Υ	Р	N	Comments	Score
	potential pathogens on all primary media? (SOP should describe colony appearance of potential pathogens and define how to proceed when a potential pathogen is encountered)						
c)	Instructions for referral of feces culture and molecular tests not performed at the laboratory?						
d)							
e)	Instructions for referral of bacterial isolates for identification and AST?						
f)	Instructions on how to determine AST conversions for automated, disk diffusion, Etest/Gradient and microdilution AST?						
g)	Definition of rare/ unexpected AST results?						
h)	Confirmatory tests for unusual or unexpected patient AST results?						
i)	Turnaround time for feces culture or molecular tests <sup>9</sup> ?						7

# **Section 2: Management Reviews**

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> From sample collection to reporting

### **Section 3: Organization & Personnel**

All generic requirements apply, see SLIPTA Section 3. In addition, assessors should review the following:

followin	g:							
SLIPT			N	Υ	P	N	Comments	Score
Α			Α					
3.6	F3.1	Is there evidence that						
		laboratory staff have been						
		trained in the following <sup>10</sup> :						
		a) Processing of feces						
		culture and molecular						
		tests						
		b) Conducting and						
		interpreting						
		microscopic						
		examinations						
		c) Detection/identificati						3
		on and AST of fecal						
		pathogens						
		d) Interpretation of feces						
		culture and molecular						
		test results	_					
		e) Reporting of feces						
		culture and molecular						
		test results						
		f) QC for feces culture						
		and molecular tests						
		g) Laboratory safety						
3.7	F3.2	Is there evidence that						
		laboratory staff are						
		following the procedures						
		described in the						
		laboratory						
		documentation? <sup>11</sup>						
		a) Processing of feces						
		culture and molecular						
		tests						
		b) Conducting and						
		interpreting						3
		microscopic						
		examinations						
		c) Interpretation of feces						
		culture and molecular						
		test results						
		d) Identification and AST						
		of feces pathogens						
		e) Reporting of feces						
		culture and molecular						
		test results						
Continu	21 0		t ol		<u> </u>			6
Section	ı s: urga	anization & Personnel Subto	ıaı					6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Review training records, competency assessment forms and duty rosters. Pay attention to date of training and scope of training compared with techniques being performed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Directly observe procedures being performed compared to the SOP.

### **Section 4: Client Management & Customer Service**

All generic requirements apply, see SLIPTA Section 4. In addition, assessors should review the following:

SLIPT			N	Υ	Р	N	Comments	Score
A 4.1	F4.1	Is there evidence that the laboratory has provided clients with information/instructions on feces collection, storage and transportation to the laboratory?	A					3
4.1	F4.2	Is there evidence that the laboratory has provided clients with information/instructions on interpretation of feces culture and molecular test results and AST?						2
Section	4: Clien	t Management & Custome	r Ser	vice S	Subto	tal	•	5

# **Section 5: Equipment**

#### **Section 6: Evaluation and Audits**

### **Section 7: Purchasing & Inventory**

All generic requirements apply, see SLIPTA Section 7. In addition, assessors should review the following:

OLUDE	9'							
SLIPT			N	Υ	Р	N	Comments	Score
Α			Α					
7.10	F7.1	Is all media for bacterial culture isolation, identification and AST stored correctly and in date (from date of manufacture media must be stored at 2-8 °C) <sup>12</sup> ?  SS Agar (or equivalent) Selenite F broth (or equivalent) Blood Agar MacConkey Agar CCDA (or equivalent) Mueller Hinton						2
Section	7: Purc	hasing & Inventory						2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> According to manufacturer's requirements.

### **Section 8: Process Control**

All generic requirements apply, see SLIPTA Section 8. In addition, assessors should review the following:

TOIIOWIN	y.							
SLIPT			N	Υ	Р	N	Comments	Score
Α			Α					
		LLECTION				_		
8.5	F8.1	If feces samples will reach						
		the laboratory more than 2						
		hours post collection, are						2
		they transported to the						
		laboratory on ice?						
MEDIA	1	Y CONTROL						
8.8	F8.2	Does the laboratory						
		perform QC testing on all						
		media before use <sup>13</sup> ?						
		SS (or equivalent)			_	_		
		Do QC records						
		demonstrate that they are						
		checked for their ability to						
		suppress growth of						
		Enterobacteriaceae while						
		allowing the growth of						
		Salmonella?						
		Selenite F broth (or equival	ent)		ı	ı		
		Do QC records						
		demonstrate that Selenite F						
		is checked for ability to						
		suppress growth of						
		Enterobacteriaceae while						
		allowing the growth of						
		Salmonella?						_
		Blood agar	ı		I	I		3
		Do QC records for blood						
		agar plates demonstrate						
		that they are checked for						
		their ability to support						
		growth of fastidious						
		organisms?						-
		Do QC records for blood						
		agar plates demonstrate						
		that they are checked for their ability to show beta,						
		alpha, and gamma						
		haemolysis?						
		MacConkey agar						
		Do QC records for MAC						
		1						
		plates demonstrate that						
		they are checked for their ability to suppress growth						
		of Gram-positive organisms						
		while allowing the growth				<u> </u>		

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 13}\,{\rm This}$  includes in-house made or purchased from commercial sources,

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SLIPT A			N A	Υ	Р	N	Comments	Score
		of Gram-negative organisms?						
		Do QC records for MAC						
		plates demonstrate that						
		they are checked for their ability to allow visualization						
		of lactose fermentation?						
		CCDA (or equivalent)						
		Do QC records for CCDA						
		plates demonstrate that						
		they are checked for their						
		ability to support						
		Campylobacter sp.?						
		Mueller Hinton Agar (MHA)			ı	ı		
		Do QC records						
		demonstrate that MHA						
		plates are checked for their ability to grow <i>S. aureus</i> &						
		E. coli?						
8.8	F8.3	Does the laboratory:						
		a) Perform sterility and						
		performance tests for						
		every batch of culture						
		media using certified						
		reference strains as						
		controls?						
		b) Source their references strains from an						3
		authorized supplier						
		(e.g. ATCC)?						
		c) Store, culture and sub-						
		culture their reference						
		strains in accordance						
		with the specification						
		from the supplier?						
8.10	F8.4	Does the laboratory						
		determine the cause of failed QC (root cause						
		analysis), perform						2
		corrective actions and						_
		measure their						
		effectiveness?						
BACTE	RIAL FE	CES CULTURE PROCEDURE						
8.7	F8.5	Does the laboratory						
		perform a microscopic						
		examination [wet prep &						2
		concentrated] for parasites						
0.7	Foo	on feces specimens?						
8.7	F8.6	Does the laboratory						2
		recheck microscopic						

SLIPT A			N A	Υ	Р	N	Comments	Score
		observations/ interpretations among all personnel performing microscopy (wet prep and concentrated)?						
8.7	F8.7	Are reference materials, such as permanent mounts, photomicrographs, NCCLS documents M15-A and M28-A2, or printed atlases available at the work bench to assist with identification of parasites?						2
8.7	F8.8	Does the laboratory perform a bacterial culture on all feces samples as per their policy?						2
8.7	F8.9	Are the following media used for primary culture of feces <sup>14</sup> ?  SS Agar or equivalent  Selenite F broth or equivalent Blood agar MacConkey agar						2
		CCDA agar or equivalent						
8.7	F8.10	Does the feces processing procedure include plating from Selenite F broth or equivalent to SS/XLD agar or equivalent?						2
8.7	F8.11	Are media used for primary culture of feces incubated at 35-37°C for at least 18 hours?						2
8.7	F8.12	Are media used for primary culture of feces incubated aerobically?						2
BACTE	RIAL ID	& AST						
8.7	F8.13	Does the laboratory perform identification tests (ID) for at least the following enteric pathogens?  • Salmonella sp.  • E. coli  • Enterococcus sp.						2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Either SS agar or XLD agar or equivalent and Selenite F broth or equivalent, see user guide section 3.4.4.

SLIPT			N	Υ	Р	N	Comments	Score
Α		Campylobacter sp.	Α					
8.7	F8.14	Does the laboratory perform AST on at least the following enteric pathogens using an approved test method?  • Salmonella sp. • E. coli • Enterococcus sp. • Campylobacter sp.						2
8.7	F8.15	Is the following testing performed for Gram negative bacteria including Salmonella identification:  Oxidase Indole Methyl Red Voges Proskauer Citrate Triple Sugar Iron or Kligler Iron Urease Motility Salmonella serology						2
8.7	F8.16	Is Gram negative bacteria AST done as per current CLSI Vet/ VetCAST guidelines for diagnostic testing and CLSI/EUCAST guidelines for surveillance testing? <sup>15</sup>						2
8.7	F8.17	Is the following testing performed for <i>Enterococcus</i> sp. identification?  Bacitracin Pyrrolidonyl Arylamidase (PYR) Bile solubility Optochin						2
8.7	F8.18	Does Enterococcus sp. AST include the following antibiotics:  Oxacillin Co-trimoxazole Ceftriaxone or cefotaxime						2

 $<sup>^{15}</sup>$  See user guide for links to CLSI, EUCAST, CLSI veterinary and VetCAST guidelines

SLIPT A			N A	Υ	Р	N	Comments	Score
8.7	F8.19	Is the following testing performed for Campylobacter sp. identification?  • catalase  • oxidase  • hippurate hydrolysis  • nitrate/nitrite reduction						2
8.7	F8.20	Does Campylobacter sp. AST include the following antibiotics:  e erythromycin  tetracycline  ciprofloxacin						2
8.7	F8.21	Does the laboratory use Combination Disk Test or another equivalent method for Extended Spectrum Beta-Lactamase (ESBL) screening <sup>16</sup> ?						2
8.7	F8.22	Does the laboratory use Combination Disk Test or another equivalent method for carbapenemase screening?						2
INTERL	ABORA	TORY COMPARISON, PT AND	EXT	ERNA	L QU	ALIT	ASSURANCE (EQA)	
8.14	F8.23	Is the laboratory enrolled in an interlaboratory comparison and/or PT program for feces culture and/or molecular tests for organism identification and AST?						2
8.14	F8.24	Did the laboratory pass the last 3 rounds of interlaboratory comparison or PT program testing?						2
8.14	F8.25	Does the laboratory receive onsite supervision visits as part of the EQA program for feces culture and/or molecular tests?						2
Section	8: Proc	ess Control Subtotal						52

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> J Clin Microbiol. 2013 Sep; 51(9): 2986-2990.

#### **Section 9: Information Management**

All generic requirements apply, see SLIPTA Section 9. In addition, assessors should review the following:

IOIIOWIII	9'							
SLIPT			N	Y	Р	N	Comments	Score
Α			Α					
9.3	F9.1	Does the final report for feces culture list the organisms for which the specimen was and was not cultured <sup>17</sup> ?						2
9.3	F9.2	Does the laboratory report alert organisms which include at least the following:18 • ESBL producing organisms • Carbapenem resistant Salmonella						2
Section	Section 9: Information Management Subtotal							4

#### Section 10: Identification of Non-conformities, Corrective and Preventive Actions

#### Section 11: Occurrence/Incident Management & Process Improvement

All generic requirements apply, see SLIPTA Section 11. In addition, assessors should review the following:

SLIPT	91		N	Υ	Р	N	Comments	Score
A			A					
11.4 & 11.5	F11.1	Are the following performance indicators collected <sup>19</sup> ?  • Number of feces culture and molecular tests performed (disaggregated by type):						3
		<ul> <li>Farms</li> <li>Slaughterhouse</li> <li>Unknown/         referred<sup>20</sup></li> <li>Number and         percentage of feces</li> </ul>						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> The laboratory should inform the veterinarian on the report what organisms were excluded during the culture process. This may be either by choice of media or incubation conditions (e.g. anaerobic organisms). Assessors should review a number of laboratory reports to determine how results are reported. Procedures should be consistent with the laboratory's SOPs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Alert organisms are organisms with significant public health threat and / or organisms that are notifiable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> It may not be possible for laboratories to determine the origin of the feces samples if this is not collected on the laboratory requisition form.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> If the laboratory cannot distinguish the origin of the feces samples, the number of organisms isolated should be recorded as "Unknown/referred".

SLIPT A		N A	Υ	Р	N	Comments	Score
	culture tests rejected, disaggregated by reason (target <1%)						
	<ul> <li>Number and percentage of feces culture tests where parasites were observed</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Number of feces culture tests where pathogens were isolated or identified, disaggregated by type:</li> </ul>						
	o Salmonella sp.						
	<ul> <li>Enterococcus sp.</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Campylobacter sp.</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Feces culture and/or molecular test TAT<sup>21</sup>, disaggregated by</li> </ul>						
	farm/ slaughterhouse/ unknown/referred)						
Section 11: Occur	rence/Incident Managen	nent 8	k Pro	cess I	mpro	vement Subtotal	3

**Section 12: Facilities and Biosafety** 

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 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 21}\,{\rm From}$  sample collection to reporting.





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